

The database of the PREDICTS (Projecting Responses of Ecological Diversity In Changing Terrestrial Systems) Project

Supporting File S1

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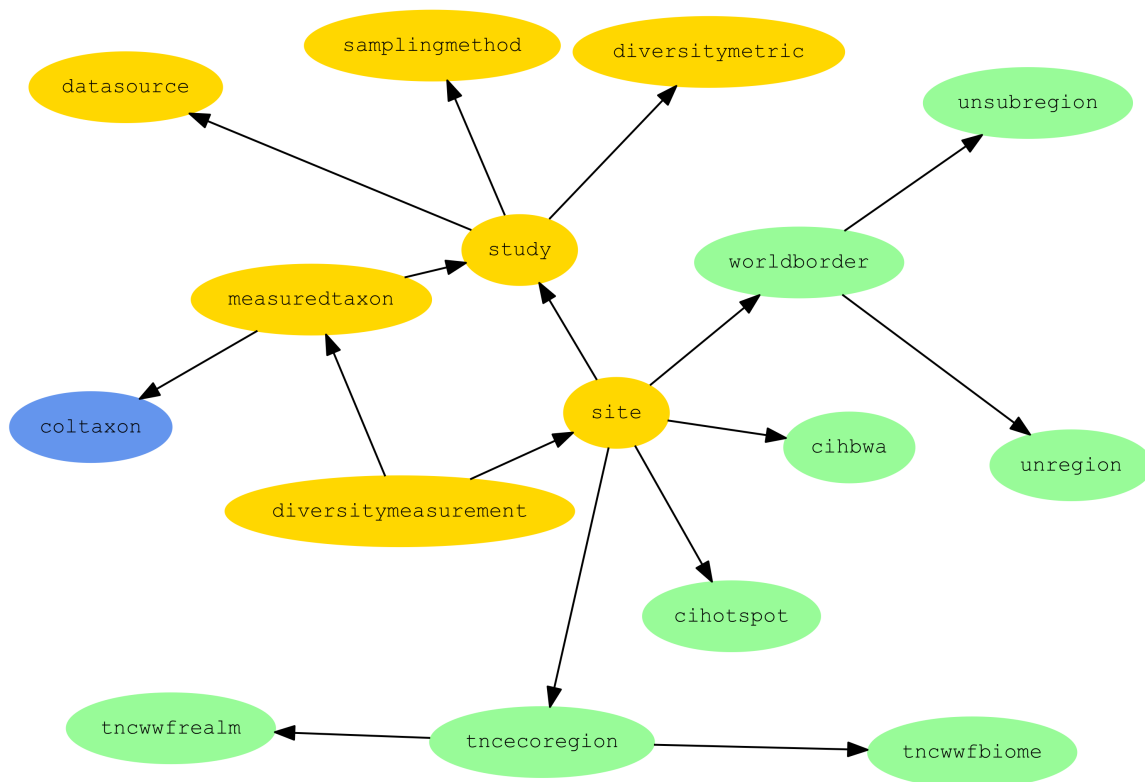


Figure S1: Database schema. Diversity data in yellow, GIS data in green and Catalogue of Life data in blue. The diversity tables `datasource`, `study`, `site`, `measuredtaxon` and `diversitymeasurement` follow the structure described in ‘Methods’ in the main text and in Hudson *et al.* (2014): a `datasource` is associated with one or more `study` records, each of which is associated with two or more `sites` records. Each `study` record is associated with a single `samplingmethod`, a single `diversitymetric` and one or more `measuredtaxon` records. A `diversitymeasurement` record exists for each represented combination of `measuredtaxon` and `site`, reflecting the site-by-species matrix structure of the data. Each `worldborder` GIS record is associated with a single `unregion` record and a single `unsubregion` record, representing a country together with its United Nations region and subregion (Thematic Mapping, 2008). Each `tncecoregion` GIS record is associated with a single `tncwfbio` record and a single `tncwfrealm` record, representing an ecoregion together with its biome and realm (The Nature Conservancy, 2009). Each `site` record is associated with a single `worldborder` record and a single `tncecoregion` record. Where coordinates fall within a Conservation International biodiversity hotspot and/or a Conservation International high biodiversity wilderness area the `site` record will be associated with a single `cihotspot` (Myers *et al.*, 2000) record and/or a single `cihbwa` (Mittermeier *et al.*, 2003) record respectively. Each `measuredtaxon` is associated with a single `coltaxon` record, taken from Catalogue of Life 2013 checklist (Roskov *et al.*, 2013).

Column	Database table	Site extract?	Diversity extract?	Type	Guaranteed to be non empty?	Notes	Validation
DataSource							
Source_ID	datasource	Yes	Yes	String	Yes	ID for the DataSource.	Unique among DataSources.
Reference		Yes	Yes	String	Yes	Reference for the DataSource in the main text.	
Study							
Study_number	study	Yes	Yes	Integer	Yes		For a DataSource with n Studies, $1 \leq value \leq n$. Unique within Source_ID.
Study_name	study	Yes	Yes	String	Yes		
SS		Yes	Yes	String	Yes	Concatenation of Source_ID and Study.	
Diversity_metric	diversitymetric	Yes	Yes	String	Yes	One of:	
Diversity_metric_unit	diversitymetric	Yes	Yes	String	Yes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Abundance Occurrence Species richness 	
Diversity_metric_type	diversitymetric	Yes	Yes	String	Yes		
Diversity_metric.is_effort_sensitive	diversitymetric	Yes	Yes	Logical	Yes		
Diversity_metric.is_suitable_for_Chao	diversitymetric	Yes	Yes	Logical	Yes		
Sampling_method	samplingmethod	Yes	Yes	String	Yes		
Sampling_effort_unit	samplingmethod	Yes	Yes	String	Yes		
Study_common_taxon	study	Yes	Yes	String	No	The lowest taxonomic group (kingdom, phylum, class, order, family, genus or species) that is common to all taxa within this Study. Empty for Studies that examined taxa in multiple kingdoms.	
Rank_of_study_common_taxon	study	Yes	Yes	String	No	The rank of Study_common_taxon. Empty for Studies that examined taxa in multiple kingdoms.	
Site_number	site	Yes	Yes	Integer	Yes		For a Study with n Sites, $1 \leq value \leq n$. Unique within Study.
Site_name	site	Yes	Yes	String	Yes	Where requested by data providers, the names of some Sites have been replaced with 'Site ' + Site.number.	
Block	site	Yes	Yes	Integer	No	Within a Study either: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Empty for all Sites Non-empty for all Sites and at least two different values among Sites 	

Column	Database table	Site extract?	Diversity extract?	Type	Guaranteed to be non empty?	Notes	Validation
<i>Site</i>							
SSS		Yes	Yes	String	Yes	Concatenation of Source_ID, Study_number and Site_number.	
SSB		Yes	Yes	String	Yes	Concatenation of Source_ID, Study_number and Block.	
SSBS		Yes	Yes	String	Yes	Concatenation of Source_ID, Study_number, Block and Site_number.	
Sample_start_earliest	site	Yes	Yes	Date	Yes		Sample_start_earliest <=
Sample_end_latest	site	Yes	Yes	Date	Yes		value.
Sample_midpoint	site	Yes	Yes	Date	Yes	Mid-point of Sample_start_earliest and Sample_end_latest.	
Sample_date_resolution	site	Yes	Yes	String	Yes	One of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • day • month • year 	
Max_linear_extent_metres	site	Yes	Yes	Number	No	The maximum linear extent of sampling in metres.	If present, 0 < value.
Habitat_patch_area_square_metres	site	Yes	Yes	Number	No	Habitat_patch_area expressed in square metres.	
Sampling_effort	site	Yes	Yes	Number	No	In units given in Sampling_effort_unit. Where sampling_effort did not vary among sites within a study, we set the Sampling_effort to 1.	If present, 0 < value.
Rescaled_sampling_effort	site	Yes	Yes	Number	No	Sampling effort rescaled to be between 0 and 1 within the Study i.e., Sampling_effort / max(Sampling_effort within this Study).	If present, 0 < value.
Habitat_as_described	site	Yes	Yes	String	No	Free text description of habitat. Where requested by data providers, the habitat descriptions of some Sites have been removed from the data extract.	

Column	Database table	Site extract?	Diversity extract?	Type	Guaranteed to be non empty?	Notes	Validation
<i>Site</i>							
Predominant_land_use	site	Yes	Yes	String	Yes	<p>One of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Primary vegetation • Young secondary vegetation • Intermediate secondary vegetation • Mature secondary vegetation • Secondary vegetation (indeterminate age) • Plantation forest • Pasture • Cropland • Urban • Cannot decide 	
Source_for_predominant_land_use	site	Yes	Yes	String	No	<p>This column was named Predominant_habitat in Hudson et al. (2014).</p> <p>One of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Direct from publication / author • Google map 	
Use_intensity	site	Yes	Yes	String	Yes	<p>May be empty for data collated before this information was captured. This column was named Source_for_predominant_habitat in Hudson et al. (2014).</p> <p>One of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Minimal use • Light use • Intense use • Cannot decide 	
Km_to_nearest_edge_of_habitat	site	Yes	Yes	Number	No	<p>Distance in km to the nearest edge of habitat supporting high diversity. A negative value indicates that the Site was within the high-diversity habitat.</p>	

Column	Database table	Site extract?	Diversity extract?	Type	Guaranteed to be non empty?	Notes	Validation
Site							
Years_since_fragmentation_or_conversion	site	Yes	Yes	Number	No	Years since fragmentation or conversion to present land cover (Primary habitat) or since start of recovery (Secondary habitat). Free text. Where requested by data providers, the transect details of some Sites have been removed from the data extract. One of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Direct from publication / author • Georeferenced 	If present, $0 < value < 500$.
Transect_details	site	Yes	Yes	String	No		
Coordinates_method	site	Yes	Yes	String	Yes		
Longitude	site	Yes	Yes	Number	No	Where requested by data providers, the coordinates for some Sites have been removed from the data extract.	$-180 \leq value \leq 180$
Latitude	site	Yes	Yes	Number	No	Where requested by data providers, the coordinates for some Sites have been removed from the data extract.	$-90 \leq value \leq 90$
Country_distance_metres	site	Yes	Yes	Integer	Yes	If zero, Site latitude and longitude were within the matching World Borders 0.3 GIS polygon (Thematic Mapping, 2008). If greater than zero, the value is the distance in metres to the nearest WorldBorders GIS polygon.	
Country	worldborder	Yes	Yes	String	Yes	Coordinates matched to a World Borders GIS polygon.	
UN_subregion	unregion	Yes	Yes	String	Yes	Coordinates matched to a World Borders GIS polygon.	
UN_region	unsubregion	Yes	Yes	String	Yes	Coordinates matched to a World Borders GIS polygon.	

Column	Database table	Site extract?	Diversity extract?	Type	Guaranteed to be non empty?	Notes	Validation
Site							
Ecoregion_distance_metres	site	Yes	Yes	Number	Yes	If zero, Site latitude and longitude were within the matching Terrestrial ecoregions of the world GIS polygon (The Nature Conservancy, 2009). If greater than zero, the value is the distance in metres to the nearest Terrestrial ecoregions of the world GIS polygon.	
Ecoregion	tncecoregion	Yes	Yes	String	Yes	Coordinates matched to a Terrestrial ecoregions of the world GIS polygon.	
Biome	tncwwfbiome	Yes	Yes	String	Yes	Coordinates matched to a Terrestrial ecoregions of the world GIS polygon.	
Realm	tncwwfrealm	Yes	Yes	String	Yes	Coordinates matched to a Terrestrial ecoregions of the world GIS polygon.	
Hotspot	cihotspot	Yes	Yes	String	No	Coordinates matched to a biodiversity hotspots GIS polygon (Myers et al., 2000). Empty if Site did not fall within a hotspot polygon.	
Wilderness_area	cinbwa	Yes	Yes	String	No	Coordinates matched to a high biodiversity wilderness areas GIS polygon (Mittermeier et al., 2003). Empty if Site did not fall within a wilderness area polygon.	
N_samples		Yes	No	Integer	Yes	The number of samples at this Site.	$0 \leq \text{value}$
Higher_taxa		Yes	No	String	No	Comma-separated list of higher taxonomic groups studied at this Site (see Higher_taxon column, below). Empty if either no taxa measured at the Site were sufficiently well resolved for a higher taxonomic group to be computed, or if no taxa were detected at the Site.	

Column	Database table	Site extract?	Diversity extract?	Type	Guaranteed to be non empty?	Notes	Validation
<i>Taxon</i>							
Taxon_number	measuredtaxon	No	Yes	Integer	Yes		For a Study with n taxa, $1 \leq value \leq n$.
Taxon_name_entered	measuredtaxon	No	Yes	String	Yes	Name of the taxon as provided by the data contributor.	Unique within Study.
Indication	measuredtaxon	No	Yes	String	No	A free-text description of the higher taxonomic group of this taxon.	
Parsed_name	measuredtaxon	No	Yes	String	Yes	The result of parsing Taxon_name_entered.	
Taxon	coltaxon	No	Yes	String	Yes	Matching taxon in the Catalogue of Life 2013 checklist (COL; Roskov et al., 2013).	
COL_ID	coltaxon	No	Yes	Integer	Yes	The ID of Taxon in COL.	
Name_status	coltaxon	No	Yes	String	Yes	From COL.	
Rank	coltaxon	No	Yes	String	Yes	From COL.	
Kingdom	coltaxon	No	Yes	String	Yes	From COL.	
Phylum	coltaxon	No	Yes	String	Yes	From COL.	
Class	coltaxon	No	Yes	String	Yes	From COL.	
Order	coltaxon	No	Yes	String	Yes	From COL.	
Family	coltaxon	No	Yes	String	Yes	From COL.	
Genus	coltaxon	No	Yes	String	Yes	From COL.	
Species	coltaxon	No	Yes	String	Yes	From COL.	

Column	Database table	Site extract?	Diversity extract?	Type	Guaranteed to be non empty?	Notes	Validation
<i>Taxon</i>							
Best_guess_binomial		No	Yes	String	No	COL did not recognize all of the Latin binomials that were given to us so we employed the following scheme: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The value of the Species column if Rank contains 'Species' The first two words of the Species column if Rank contains 'Infraspecies' The first two words of the Parsed_name column if Rank contains neither 'Infraspecies' nor 'Species' and Parsed_name contains two or more words Empty in other cases 	
Higher_taxon		No	Yes	String	No	The higher-taxonomic group that this taxon belongs to.	
<i>Measurement</i>							
Measurement	diversitymeasurement	No	Yes	Number	Yes	The biodiversity measurement of the Taxon at the Site in the Study, in units of Diversity_metric_unit.	$0 \leq value$
Effort_corrected_measurement	diversitymeasurement	No	Yes	Number	Yes	Where Diversity_metric_is_effort_sensitive is TRUE, the biodiversity measurement corrected for sampling effort (i.e., Measurement / Rescaled_sampling_effort). Where Diversity_metric_is_effort_sensitive is FALSE, the same value as Measurement.	$0 \leq value$

Table S1: Database extract columns. Database extract columns are grouped by the levels of the structure described in 'Methods' in the main text: DataSource, Study, Site, Taxon and Measurement. Database tables are described in Figure S1. Where 'Database table' is blank, values were not stored in the database but were computed from other values. 'Type' is one of 'String' (textual information), 'Logical' (either 'TRUE' or 'FALSE'), 'Date' (in the form 'YYYY-MM-DD'), 'Integer' or 'Number'.

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